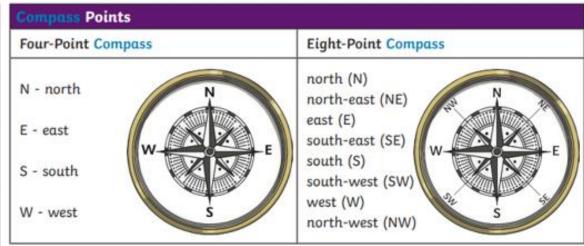
Marvellous Maps

| atlas | A collection of maps often of each country in the world. |
|----------------------------|---|
| compass | A tool used for showing direction. |
| digital map | A map that uses technology such as a satnav. |
| easting | The numbers used in a grid reference that run west to east. |
| grid references | The numbered squares on a map used to locate a place. |
| National Grid | A system used to split Great Britain into 100km squares. |
| northing | The numbers used in a grid reference that run south to north. |
| Ordnance Survey maps | Detailed maps of Great Britain where each square represents 1km squared (1km²). |
| symbols | Small pictures, letters or lines that represent a feature. |



Symbols

- · Maps use symbols instead of words to label real-life features.
- · A key on the map tells you what the symbol means.



Grid References

- A map is criss-crossed with horizontal and vertical lines that create a grid.
- The grid and squares help to narrow a search area so you can locate features on a map.
- · Usually, the lines are numbered with two digits.
- · Eastings are the numbers that run from west to east.
- · Northings are the numbers that run from south to north.
- The easting and northing numbers are put together to create a four-digit grid reference, e.g. (32,43), which refers to the bottom left corner of a square on the map.
- Grid references can be even more specific by adding an extra digit to both the easting and northing numbers.
- These six-digit grid references, e.g. (323,432), tell us more precisely whereabouts in the square something is.

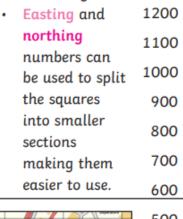
The National Grid

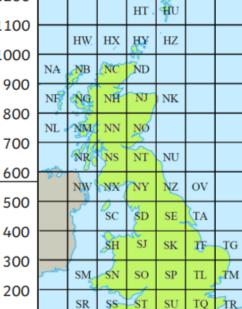
- The National Grid is a grid reference system for the whole of Great Britain.
- · It splits Great Britain into squares each is 100km.

The spaces can be identified by using two letters e.g. SK

100

0





SX

300

SZ

400

